TRIAGE AND DESTINATION PROTOCOL #7-05

TRINITY EMS TRIAGE AND DESTINATION PLAN



Approved by EMS Medical Director

Transport to Licensed Mental Health
Detox location #7 - 05

Purpose:	
Hold for destination Plan for Mental Helath and Detox	



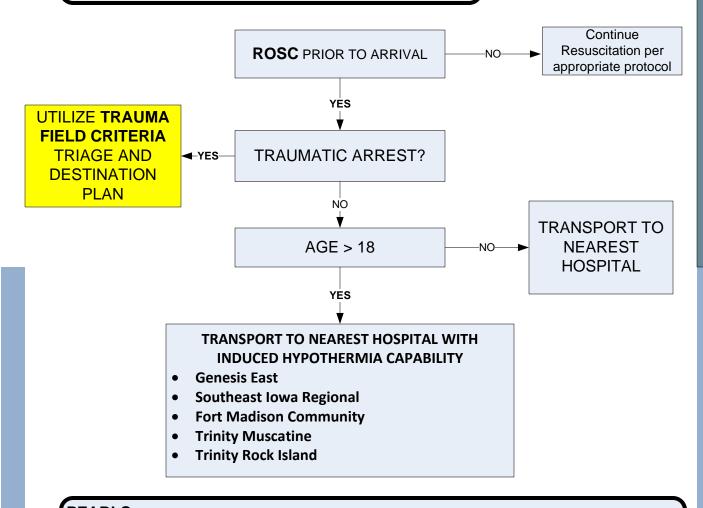
Approved by EMS Medical Director

ROSC/ POST- RESUSCITATION DESTINATION PROTOCOL # 7 - 01

The purpose of this plan is to direct transport of post-cardiac arrest patients to the most appropriate facilities with capabilities to most appropriately handle their care.

ROSC/ POST - RESUSCITATION PATIENTS:

- CARDIAC ARREST IN THE FIELD
- RESUSCITATION BY EMS RESPONDERS
- ROSC PRIOR TO ARRIVAL



- Contact Medical Control early and notify them of triage and destination plan
- ✓ If transport times are greater than 30 minutes, proceed to the closest hospital
- ✓ In situations with Re-arrest, proceed to the closest hospital



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STEMI ALERT DESTINATION PROTOCOL # 7 - 02

The purpose of this plan is to:

- Rapidly identify STEMI patients prehospital through 12 lead EKG transmission
- Minimize time to reperfusion through primary Percutaneous Coronary Intervention (PCI)
- Rapidly determine the best hospital destinations based on predicted transport times to PCI hospitals
- Early activation of the hospital personnel and cath labs prior to patient arrival

Definition of a STEMI Patient:

ST Elevation Myocardial Infarction

 Cardiac symptoms consistent with MI less than 12 hours duration

And

 12 lead EKG criteria of >1mm of ST elevation in 2 or more contiguous leads

Or

New LBBB

Medical Control Confirmation of STEMI Patient

Following 12 lead EKG Transmission

EARLY STEMI NOTIFICATION/ACTIVATION OF NEAREST 24/7 PCI CAPABLE HOSPITAL

GENESIS ILLINI
GENESIS EAST
SOUTHEAST IOWA REGIONAL
UIHC
TRINITY BETTENDORF
TRINITY ROCK ISLAND

- ✓ Minimize scene times to less than 15 minutes with 12 lead transmission
- Notify Medical Control of STEMI Destination plan to bypass closer non-PCI hospitals
- Proceed to nearest hospital if predicted transport time exceeds 30 minutes
- ✓ Patient preference may override destination plans, but informed consent and AMA form should be completed for delays in treatment to non-PCI center destinations

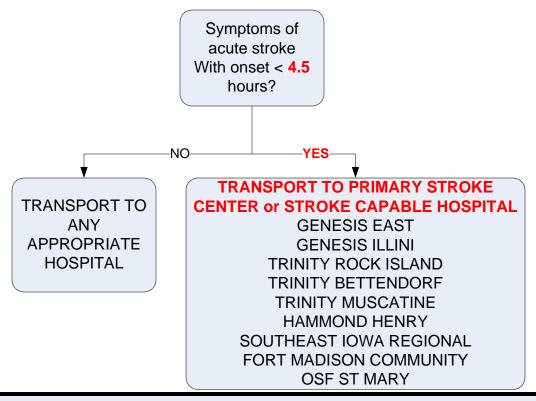


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SUSPECTED STROKE DESTINATION PROTOCOL # 7 - 03

The purpose of the stroke destination plan is to:

- Rapidly identify acute stroke patients who present to EMS or utilize 911
- Rapidly apply the stroke screening tool utilized by the EMS system
- Attempt to identify the time of onset of symptoms or time Last Known Normal(LKN)
- Identify patients potentially eligible for thrombolytic treatment within the 4.5 hour treatment window
- Rapidly transport to the most appropriate facility for care



- Primary Stroke Centers are certified by the Joint Commission and are able to provide 24/7 CT capabilities, identify acute stroke patients, administer thrombolytics, and provide care for stroke patients
- ✓ Minimize scene times to less than 10 minutes
- Destination plan should be utilized for transport times predicted to be less than 30 minutes, otherwise proceed to closest hospital
- ✓ Patient preference may override destination plans, but informed consent and AMA form should be completed for delays in treatment to alternate destinations



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TRAUMA FIELD CRITERIA DESTINATION PROTOCOL # 7 - 04

EMS PRE-HOSPITAL LEVEL I TRAUMA

Patients who are determined to have the following shall be classified in the field:

- Sustained Hypotension/ SBP <90 (Peds <80 SBP) on two consecutive measurements five minutes apart
- Cavity Penetration of the Neck or Torso
- Any other patient as deemed by Medical Control

CATEGORY I TRAUMA ALERT

Blunt or penetrating trauma with unstable vital signs and/or hemodynamic compromise as evidenced by

- BP systolic <90 adult, BP systolic <80 pediatric
- Respiratory compromise as evidenced by Respiratory Rate <10 or > 29
- Altered mentation as evidenced by GCS ≤ 10
- Penetrating injury of head, neck, torso, or groin(think T-shirt and Boxers)
- Two or more body regions with potential life or limb threat
- Combination trauma with 20% TBSA burn
- Amputation above wrist or ankle
- Limb paralysis and/or sensory deficit above the wrist and ankle
- Flail chest
- Two or more proximal long bone fractures

CATEGORY II TRAUMA ALERT

- **Ejection** from motor vehicle
- Death in same passenger compartment
- Falls >20 feet adult
- Pediatric falls > 3 times body length
- Rollover
- High speed auto crash initial speed > 40 mph
- Motorcycle crash > 20 mph and/or ejection from the bike
- Extrication time > 20 minutes
- Major auto deformity > 20" or Intrusion into passenger compartment > 12"
- Motor vehicle vs pedestrian or bicyclist struck > 20 mph
- Pedestrian thrown or run over

SPECIAL CONSIDERATIONS/RISK FACTORS

- Pregnancy > 20 weeks
- Patient >65 years of age with multisystem or high energy MOI
- Anticoagulation and bleeding disorders
- Provider judgment

Trauma Centers:

Illinois(Level II):
Genesis Illini
Trinity Rock Island

- ✓ For Category I patients, transport to nearest Level I/II Trauma Center and consider Air transport early if deemed most appropriate
 - If transport > 30 minutes to Level I/II for category I patients, transport to nearest hospital

TRIAGE AND DESTINATION PROTOCOL #7-06

TRINITY EMS TRIAGE AND DESTINATION PLAN



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Purpose:

Transport to Urgent Care or Immediate Care Facilities #7 - 06